

DP03: SELECTED ECONOMIC

2010 American Community Survey 1-Year

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Data and Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, for 2010, the 2010 Census provides the official counts of the population and housing units for the nation, states, counties, cities and towns.

Subject	Sussex County, New Jersey			
	Estimate	Estimate	Percent	Percent
<b>EMPLOYMENT STATUS</b>				
Population 16 years and over	118,420	+/-648	118,420	(X)
In labor force	82,449	+/-2,388	69.6%	+/-2.0
Civilian labor force	82,449	+/-2,388	69.6%	+/-2.0
Employed	73,343	+/-2,665	61.9%	+/-2.3
Unemployed	9,106	+/-1,523	7.7%	+/-1.3
Armed Forces	0	+/-281	0.0%	+/-0.2
Not in labor force	35,971	+/-2,399	30.4%	+/-2.0
Civilian labor force	82,449	+/-2,388	82,449	(X)
Percent Unemployed	(X)	(X)	11.0%	+/-1.8
Females 16 years and over	60,128	+/-971	60,128	(X)
In labor force	38,832	+/-1,880	64.6%	+/-3.0
Civilian labor force	38,832	+/-1,880	64.6%	+/-3.0
Employed	35,275	+/-1,916	58.7%	+/-3.1
Own children under 6 years	9,216	+/-806	9,216	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	5,072	+/-977	55.0%	+/-11.7
Own children 6 to 17 years	25,918	+/-895	25,918	(X)
All parents in family in labor force	18,668	+/-1,771	72.0%	+/-6.0
<b>COMMUTING TO WORK</b>				
Workers 16 years and over	71,136	+/-2,869	71,136	(X)
Car, truck, or van -- drove alone	59,575	+/-2,869	83.7%	+/-2.6
Car, truck, or van -- carpoled	4,566	+/-1,470	6.4%	+/-2.0
Public transportation (excluding taxicab)	1,433	+/-614	2.0%	+/-0.8
Walked	410	+/-244	0.6%	+/-0.3
Other means	985	+/-474	1.4%	+/-0.7
Worked at home	4,167	+/-948	5.9%	+/-1.3
Mean travel time to work (minutes)	37.9	+/-2.2	(X)	(X)

OCCUPATION				
Civilian employed population 16 years	73,343	+/-2,665	73,343	(X)
Management, business, science, and	29,443	+/-2,448	40.1%	+/-3.2
Service occupations	11,689	+/-1,619	15.9%	+/-2.2
Sales and office occupations	18,712	+/-2,115	25.5%	+/-2.6
Natural resources, construction, and	6,715	+/-1,150	9.2%	+/-1.5
Production, transportation, and material	6,784	+/-1,341	9.2%	+/-1.8
INDUSTRY				
Civilian employed population 16 years	73,343	+/-2,665	73,343	(X)
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and	674	+/-462	0.9%	+/-0.6
Construction	5,495	+/-1,086	7.5%	+/-1.4

Manufacturing	7,922	+/-1,306	10.8%	+/-1.8
Wholesale trade	2,303	+/-778	3.1%	+/-1.1
Retail trade	8,536	+/-1,292	11.6%	+/-1.7
Transportation and warehousing, and	3,791	+/-797	5.2%	+/-1.1
Information	2,074	+/-767	2.8%	+/-1.0
Finance and insurance, and real estate	6,642	+/-1,319	9.1%	+/-1.8
Professional, scientific, and	7,963	+/-1,346	10.9%	+/-1.8
Educational services, and health care	16,268	+/-1,902	22.2%	+/-2.5
Arts, entertainment, and recreation, and	6,629	+/-1,566	9.0%	+/-2.1
Other services, except public	2,033	+/-656	2.8%	+/-0.9
Public administration	3,013	+/-831	4.1%	+/-1.1

CLASS OF WORKER				
Civilian employed population 16 years	73,343	+/-2,665	73,343	(X)
Private wage and salary workers	57,724	+/-2,479	78.7%	+/-2.3
Government workers	10,540	+/-1,453	14.4%	+/-1.9
Self-employed in own not incorporated	5,079	+/-1,207	6.9%	+/-1.6
Unpaid family workers	0	+/-281	0.0%	+/-0.2

INCOME AND BENEFITS (IN 2010)				
Total households	54,881	+/-1,763	54,881	(X)
Less than \$10,000	1,754	+/-670	3.2%	+/-1.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	1,136	+/-567	2.1%	+/-1.0
\$15,000 to \$24,999	2,771	+/-697	5.0%	+/-1.2
\$25,000 to \$34,999	4,026	+/-957	7.3%	+/-1.8
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5,872	+/-1,135	10.7%	+/-2.1
\$50,000 to \$74,999	9,365	+/-1,259	17.1%	+/-2.2
\$75,000 to \$99,999	8,209	+/-1,285	15.0%	+/-2.2
\$100,000 to \$149,999	12,927	+/-1,656	23.6%	+/-2.8
\$150,000 to \$199,999	4,714	+/-826	8.6%	+/-1.5
\$200,000 or more	4,107	+/-908	7.5%	+/-1.7
Median household income (dollars)	84,115	+/-7,133	(X)	(X)
Mean household income (dollars)	96,527	+/-4,514	(X)	(X)
With earnings	46,784	+/-1,646	85.2%	+/-1.8
Mean earnings (dollars)	94,018	+/-4,983	(X)	(X)
With Social Security	14,568	+/-1,200	26.5%	+/-2.0
Mean Social Security income (dollars)	18,832	+/-1,088	(X)	(X)
With retirement income	9,538	+/-1,090	17.4%	+/-1.9
Mean retirement income (dollars)	28,808	+/-5,610	(X)	(X)
With Supplemental Security Income	2,656	+/-781	4.8%	+/-1.4
Mean Supplemental Security Income	9,563	+/-1,465	(X)	(X)
With cash public assistance income	1,417	+/-473	2.6%	+/-0.8
Mean cash public assistance income	3,502	+/-1,266	(X)	(X)
With Food Stamp/SNAP benefits in the	2,448	+/-845	4.5%	+/-1.5
Families	41,238	+/-2,037	41,238	(X)

Less than \$10,000	877	+/-483	2.1%	+/-1.2
\$10,000 to \$14,999	411	+/-340	1.0%	+/-0.8
\$15,000 to \$24,999	1,611	+/-630	3.9%	+/-1.5
\$25,000 to \$34,999	2,082	+/-684	5.0%	+/-1.6
\$35,000 to \$49,999	3,656	+/-997	8.9%	+/-2.4
\$50,000 to \$74,999	6,644	+/-1,057	16.1%	+/-2.4
\$75,000 to \$99,999	6,993	+/-1,200	17.0%	+/-2.7
\$100,000 to \$149,999	10,801	+/-1,448	26.2%	+/-3.2
\$150,000 to \$199,999	4,318	+/-808	10.5%	+/-1.8
\$200,000 or more	3,845	+/-858	9.3%	+/-2.2
Median family income (dollars)	95,300	+/-4,612	(X)	(X)
Mean family income (dollars)	107,762	+/-5,124	(X)	(X)
Per capita income (dollars)	35,891	+/-1,744	(X)	(X)
Nonfamily households	13,643	+/-1,590	13,643	(X)
Median nonfamily income (dollars)	48,096	+/-7,710	(X)	(X)
Mean nonfamily income (dollars)	60,439	+/-9,585	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for workers (dollars)	40,273	+/-1,591	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for male full-time, year-	67,124	+/-5,189	(X)	(X)
Median earnings for female full-time,	46,563	+/-4,029	(X)	(X)
HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE				
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	148,466	+/-646	148,466	(X)
With health insurance coverage	135,975	+/-2,252	91.6%	+/-1.4
With private health insurance	120,565	+/-3,735	81.2%	+/-2.5
With public coverage	31,478	+/-2,811	21.2%	+/-1.9
No health insurance coverage	12,491	+/-2,092	8.4%	+/-1.4
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	35,698	+/-4	35,698	(X)
No health insurance coverage	1,929	+/-978	5.4%	+/-2.7
Civilian noninstitutionalized population	95,669	+/-527	95,669	(X)
In labor force:	77,200	+/-2,163	77,200	(X)
Employed:	68,468	+/-2,459	68,468	(X)
With health insurance coverage	62,706	+/-2,741	91.6%	+/-1.7
With private health insurance	61,519	+/-2,733	89.9%	+/-1.9
With public coverage	2,066	+/-613	3.0%	+/-0.9
No health insurance coverage	5,762	+/-1,145	8.4%	+/-1.7
Unemployed:	8,732	+/-1,528	8,732	(X)
With health insurance coverage	5,601	+/-1,168	64.1%	+/-9.0
With private health insurance	3,968	+/-888	45.4%	+/-9.0
With public coverage	1,685	+/-830	19.3%	+/-8.4
No health insurance coverage	3,131	+/-1,010	35.9%	+/-9.0
Not in labor force:	18,469	+/-2,219	18,469	(X)
With health insurance coverage	16,861	+/-2,054	91.3%	+/-3.6
With private health insurance	13,359	+/-1,797	72.3%	+/-5.6
With public coverage	4,819	+/-1,119	26.1%	+/-5.5
No health insurance coverage	1,608	+/-716	8.7%	+/-3.6
PERCENTAGE OF FAMILIES AND				
All families	(X)	(X)	4.2%	+/-1.6
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	8.2%	+/-3.2
With related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	1.7%	+/-2.8
Married couple families	(X)	(X)	2.1%	+/-1.1
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	4.1%	+/-2.3
With related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	0.0%	+/-8.9
Families with female householder, no	(X)	(X)	18.2%	+/-8.2
With related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	29.6%	+/-13.3
With related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	19.7%	+/-34.6
All people	(X)	(X)	5.9%	+/-1.6

Under 18 years	(X)	(X)	8.8%	+/-3.3
Related children under 18 years	(X)	(X)	8.8%	+/-3.3
Related children under 5 years	(X)	(X)	6.1%	+/-4.5
Related children 5 to 17 years	(X)	(X)	9.6%	+/-3.7
18 years and over	(X)	(X)	4.9%	+/-1.4
18 to 64 years	(X)	(X)	5.4%	+/-1.5
65 years and over	(X)	(X)	2.6%	+/-1.7
People in families	(X)	(X)	4.6%	+/-1.6
Unrelated individuals 15 years and over	(X)	(X)	14.5%	+/-6.4

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see Accuracy of the Data). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Selected earnings and income data are

available for certain geographic areas due to problems with group quarters data collection and imputation. See the ACS User Notes for details.

There were changes in the edit between

2009 and 2010 regarding Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and Social Security. The changes in the edit loosened restrictions on disability requirements for receipt of SSI resulting in an increase in the total number of SSI recipients in the American Community Survey. The changes also loosened restrictions on possible reported monthly amounts in Social Security income resulting in higher Social Security aggregate amounts. These results more closely match administrative counts compiled by the Social Security Administration.

Employment and unemployment estimates may vary from the official labor force data released by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in survey design and data collection. For guidance on differences in employment and unemployment estimates from different sources go to Labor Force Guidance.

The Census Bureau introduced an improved sequence of labor force questions in the 2008 ACS questionnaire. Accordingly, we recommend using caution when making labor force data comparisons from 2008 or later with data from prior years. For more information on these questions and their evaluation in the 2006 ACS Content Test, see the "Evaluation Report Covering Employment Status" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6a\\_Employment\\_Status.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6a_Employment_Status.pdf), and the "Evaluation Report Covering Weeks Worked" at [http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content\\_test/P6b\\_Weeks\\_Worked\\_Final\\_Report.pdf](http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/methodology/content_test/P6b_Weeks_Worked_Final_Report.pdf). Additional information can also be found at <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/laborfor/> Workers include members of the Armed Forces and civilians who were at work last week.

Industry codes are 4-digit codes and are

based on the North American Industry Classification System 2007. The Industry categories adhere to the guidelines issued in Clarification Memorandum No. 2, "NAICS Alternate Aggregation Structure for Use By U.S. Statistical Agencies,"

Occupation codes are 4-digit codes and are based on Standard Occupational Classification 2010.

The health insurance coverage category names were modified in 2010. See ACS Health Insurance Definitions for a list of the insurance type definitions.

This table contains new estimates for health insurance coverage status by employment status in 2010.

While the 2010 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the December 2009 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) definitions of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas; in certain instances the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB definitions due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural population, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2000 data. Boundaries for urban areas have not been updated since Census 2000. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey

Explanation of Symbols:

1. An '\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

2. An '-' entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

3. An '-' following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

4. An '+' following a median estimate

5. An '\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

6. An '\*\*\*\*\*' entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

7. An 'N' entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

8. An '(X)' means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.